AP Chemistry: Thermodynamics Multiple Choice

(You may use a calculator.)

47. $CH_{4(g)} + 2 O_{2(g)} \rightarrow CO_{2(g)} + 2 H_2O_{(l)}; \Delta H_{rxn} = -889.1 \text{ kJ}$

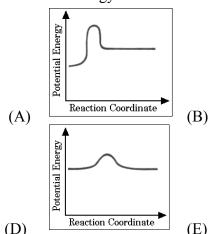
 $\Delta H_f^{\circ} CO_{2(g)} = -393.3 \text{ kJ/mole}$ $\Delta H_f^{\circ} H_2 O_{(1)} = -285.8 \text{ kJ/mole}$

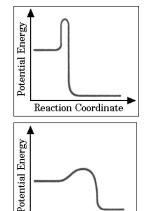
What is the standard heat of formation of methane, $\Delta H_f^{\circ} CH_{4(g)}$, as calculated from the data above?

(A) -210.0 kJ/mole (B) -107.5 kJ/mole (C) -75.8 kJ/mole (D) 75.8 kJ/mole (E) 210.0 kJ/mole

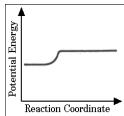
48. Which of the following is a graph that describes the pathway of reaction that is endothermic and has high activation energy?

(C)





Reaction Coordinate



| 25. | |
|--|------------------------|
| $H_{2(g)} + 1/2 O_{2(g)} \rightarrow H_2O_{(1)}$ | $\Delta H^{\circ} = x$ |
| $2 \text{ Na}_{(s)} + 1/2 \text{ O}_{2(g)} \rightarrow \text{Na}_2 \text{O}_{(s)}$ | $\Delta H^{\circ} = y$ |
| $Na_{(s)} + 1/2 O_{2(g)} + 1/2 H_{2(g)} \rightarrow NaOH_{(s)}$ | $\Delta H^{\circ} = z$ |

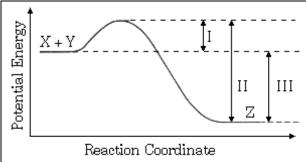
Based on the information above, what is the standard enthalpy change for the following reaction?

 $Na_2O_{(s)} + H_2O_{(l)} \rightarrow 2 NaOH_{(s)}$

- (A) x + y + z
- (B) x + y z
- (C) x + y 2z
- (D) 2z x y
- (E) z x y

30. The energy diagram for the reaction $X + Y \rightarrow Z$ is shown. The addition of a catalyst to this reaction would cause a change in which of the indicated energy differences?

- (A) I only
- (B) II only
- (C) III only
- (D) I and II only
- (E) I, II, and III



- 19. Which of the following best describes the role of the spark from the spark plug in an automobile engine?
- (A) The spark decreases the energy of activation for the slow step.
- (B) The spark increases the concentration of the volatile reactant.
- (C) The spark supplies some of the energy of activation for the combustion reaction.
- (D) The spark provides a more favorable activated complex for the combustion reaction.
- (E) The spark provides the heat of vaporization for the volatile hydrocarbon.

61. $C_2H_{4(g)} + 3 O_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2 CO_{2(g)} + 2 H_2O_{(g)}$

For the reaction of ethylene represented above, ΔH is -1,323 kJ. What is the value of ΔH if the combustion produced liquid water $H_2O_{(1)}$, rather than water vapor $H_2O_{(g)}$?

(ΔH for the phase change $H_2O_{(g)} \rightarrow H_2O_{(l)}$ is -44 kJ mol^{-1} .)

- (A) -1,235 kJ
- (B) -1,279 kJ
- (C) -1,323 kJ
- (D) -1,367 kJ
- (E) -1,411 kJ

25.
$$3 C_2 H_{2(g)} \rightarrow C_6 H_{6(g)}$$

What is the standard enthalpy change, ΔH° , for the reaction represented above? $(\Delta H_{f}^{\circ} \text{ of } C_{2}H_{2(g)} \text{ is } 230 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}; \Delta H_{f}^{\circ} \text{ of } C_{6}H_{6(g)} \text{ is } 83 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1})$

- (A) -607 kJ
- (B) -147 kJ
- (C) -19 kJ (D) + 19 kJ
- (E) +773 kJ

83.
$$NH_{3(g)}$$
 + 2 $CH_{4(g)}$ + 5/2 $O_{2(g)}$ \longleftrightarrow $H_2NCH_2COOH_{(s)}$ + 3 $H_2O_{(I)}$

At constant temperature, ΔH , the change in enthalpy for the reaction above is approximately equal to...

- (A) $\Delta E (11/2)RT$
- (B) $\Delta E (7/2)RT$
- (C) Δ E + RT
- (D) $\Delta E + (7/2)RT$
- (E) Δ E (11/2)RT