

46 Minutes of Stoichiometry Fun!!!

If you can understand these two problems, you are headed in the right direction!!

1.) 10.0 grams of octane are allowed to react with a 95.0 liter volume of air (which is 20% oxygen by volume).

_____A) What is the Limiting Reactant? **Oxygen**

_____B) How many liters of carbon dioxide will form (assume STP)? **12.2 liters**

_____C) How many grams of water will form? **11 grams**

_____D) What mass of excess reactant is actually used in the reaction? **7.73 grams**

_____E) What mass of excess reactant is left unused after the reaction is complete?
2.27 grams

_____F) If after conducting this experiment in the laboratory you were able to recover 10.2 grams of water, what is your percent yield for the experiment? To find percent yield, you **93%**

2) Use the following word equation to solve this stoichiometry problem:

ferrous chloride + potassium dichromate + hydrochloric acid →

ferric chloride + potassium chloride + chromium (II) chloride + water

14.0 grams of ferrous chloride are allowed to react with 30.0 mL of 0.500 M potassium dichromate and excess hydrochloric acid,

_____A) How many grams of chromium (II) chloride will form? **3.38 g**

_____B) How much of the excess reactant remains unused after the reaction?
(Note: Answer should be in grams if ferrous chloride is excess. Answer should be in mL if potassium dichromate is excess.) **2.5 ml**

_____C) After performing the experiment described above Suzie was able to collect 2.78 grams chromium (II) chloride. What is her percent yield for the experiment?
82.2 %

NAME _____

HAVE EXCESS FUN WITH THIS LIMITING REACTANT ACTIVITY (on your own paper)
!!!

- 1) 10.0 grams of sodium phosphate is added to 10.0 grams of silver nitrate.
- A) What is the LR? **Silver nitrate**
What is the ER? **Sodium phosphate**
(Remember: for LR and ER, convert each to moles and compare to the "recipe")
- B) What mass of insoluble product forms? **8.21 grams**
(Remember: this is a stoich problem)
- C) What mass of ER reacts? **3.21 grams**
(Remember: this is another stoich problem)
- D) What mass of ER remains unreacted after the reaction is complete? **6.79 grams**
(Remember: this is simply a subtraction problem)
- 2) 20.0 grams of nickel (III) oxide is added to 20.0 liters of carbon dioxide gas at STP.
- A) What is the LR? **Nickel(III) oxide**
What is the ER? **Carbon dioxide**
- B) What mass of product forms? **35.8 grams**
- C) What mass or volume of ER reacts? **8.1 liters**
(Note: Answer should be in grams if nickel (III) oxide is excess. Answer should be in L if carbon dioxide is excess.)
- D) What mass or volume of ER remains unreacted after the reaction is complete?
(Note: Answer should be in grams if nickel (III) oxide is excess. Answer should be in L if carbon dioxide is excess.) **11.9 liters**
- 3) 50.0 mL of 2.5 M phosphoric acid are added to 1.00 gram of sodium carbonate.
- A) What is the LR? **Sodium carbonate**
What is the ER? **Phosphoric acid**
- B) What volume of gaseous product forms? **.21 liters**
- C) What mass or volume of ER reacts? **2.5 ml**
(Note: Answer should be in grams if sodium carbonate is excess. Answer should be in mL if phosphoric acid is excess.)
- D) What mass or volume of ER remains unreacted after the reaction is complete?
(Note: Answer should be in grams if sodium carbonate is excess. Answer should be in mL if phosphoric acid is excess.)
47.5 ml